Remarks

The above application has been carefully reviewed in light of the first Office Action and the Rejections as set forth on August 6, 2008 and the comments of the Examiner have been duly noted.

The Examiner has rejected claims 1 through 8 under 35 U.S.C.§102(b) as being anticipated by the published Japanese Patent Application No. 2-353.

After a careful study of the prior art, the parent Claim 1 has been amended to add an additional feature and a limitation in order to clarify the claimed invention. Other claims have been amended in part in order to correct minor inaccuracies. Additionally, the non-elected claims have been cancelled.

The claimed invention as set forth in Claim 1 relates to an adhesive tape adapted to be attached to a surface (adherend) such as a vehicle pillar post or door frame, etc. for the purpose of enhancing the appearance thereof. The key features of Claim 1 are, the positioning tab 24 and the tape body 4 are interconnected via a connecting portion 8 including the cutting line L and the cutting line L is recited as penetrating through the tape body 4 and the release sheet 12.

In use, the positioning tab 24 can be separated from the tape body 4 along the cutting line L with the release sheet 12. Therefore, the positioning tab 24 can easily be removed from the tape body 4 after the tape body is secured to the an adherend, such as a vehicle door frame. In addition, a worker can remove the positioning tab 24 from the tape body 4 without touching an adhesive layer 10 applied to the tab.

The cited Japanese publication (JP2-353) teaches an adhesive tape 22 composed of a tape body 24 and an ear portion 26. The tape has a cutting line or perforations 27 formed between the tape body and the ear portion so that the ear portion can be easily removed from the tape body 24. The tape 22 is provided with a release sheet 28 (28A and 28B). Note however that the cutting line 27 is not formed in the release sheet 28. In other words, the cutting line 27 does not penetrate through the tape body 24 and the release sheet 28. Accordingly, the ear portion cannot be separated from the tape body 24 with the release sheet 28.

Further, in order to adhere the tape body 24 to an adherend, the ear portion 26 is released from the release sheet 28 (28A). Next, the ear portion 28 is gripped and pulled so that tape body 24 is released from the release tape 28 (28B). Thereafter, the tape body is affixed to the adherend. Finally, the ear portion 26 is pulled so as to be separated from the adhered tape body 24.

Thus, in the adhesive tape 22, the ear portion is simply used as a "finger grip area" and not as a positioning tab.

Accordingly, it is not believed that the ear portion of JP2353 corresponds to the positioning tab 24 of applicant's claimed invention as et forth in Claim 1 and those claims dependent therefrom.

The Japanese publication does not teach or suggest the features now claimed.

The adhesive tape art is a crowded art with hundreds of patents all directed to what may at first appear to be slight differences in structure. Many of these "minor" improvements have resulted in new or unexpected results, improving the application of trim and decorative strips to vehicles either during construction at the factory or subsequent to sale.

It has long been held that such minor technological improvements can have practical impact, particularly in a

crowded art, and are patentable. See Continental Can Co. USA Inc. v. Monsanto Co. 20 USPQ2d 1746 (Fed. Cir. 1991). Also note Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co. v. Hercules Tire and Rubber Co. 48 USPQ2d 1767 (Fed. Cir. 1998).

Progress is important in crowded arts as in those which are in a pioneer stage and such progress is usually made in small increments. *In re Hummer* 113 USPQ 66 (CCPA 1957).

It is believed that the present contribution to the art meets the criteria of the law and the cases cited above.

Accordingly, reconsideration of the rejection of the claims is respectfully solicited.

Respectfully submitted,

Ву

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